



A Guided Tour of the Bible: Discovering God in

John

Background

- While having the same basic purpose as the other gospel records (inspired history intended to persuade), the gospel of John takes a different approach.
- Written later (between 80-95 AD), John assumes the reader's familiarity with the other books. 90% of his material is unique.
- John was one of the twelve apostles. Though he never mentions his name, he refers to himself throughout the book as the "disciple whom Jesus loved" (21:20-25).
- His literary style is the simplest in the New Testament while his substance is the most profound.

Roadmap

1. The Incarnation of the Son of God (1:1-18)
2. The Presentation of the Son of God (1:19-4:54)
3. The Confrontation of the Son of God (5-12)
4. The Instruction of the Son of God (13-16)
5. The Intercession of the Son of God (17)
6. The Execution of the Son of God (18-19)
7. The Resurrection of the Son of God (20-21)

Landmark

John is the book that makes _____ (20:26-31). It is both apologetic and evangelistic. It convinces each reader of the truth of Christ's identity and calls him or her to make a decision.

Must See

Jesus is the great "I Am" (Ex. 3:14)

1. Bread of Life (6:35)
2. Light of the World (8:12)
3. The Door of the Sheep (10:7)
4. The Good Shepherd (10:11)
5. The Resurrection and the Life (11:25)
6. The Way, the Truth, and the Life (14:6)
7. The True Vine (15:1)

Takeaway

1. Consider the _____ of the gospel.
2. Consider the _____ of the gospel.